



CUSTOMS AND EXCISE

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DUTIES (PERSONAL RELIEFS FOR GOODS  
PERMANENTLY IMPORTED) ORDER 1993

*Laid before Tynwald 16th March, 1993*

*Coming into operation 1st January 1993*

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Treasury by sections 5 and 11 of the Customs and Excise Duties (General Reliefs) Act 1986(a) and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the following Order is hereby made:-

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Citation and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs and Excise Duties (Personal Reliefs for Goods Permanently Imported) Order 1993 and shall be deemed to have come into operation on 1st January 1993.

Interpretation

2. In this Order -

"declared for relief" has the meaning assigned to it by article 8;

"household effects" means furnishings and equipment for personal household use;

"motor vehicle" shall include a trailer;

"normal residence" means a person's principal place of abode situated in the country where he is normally resident;

"normally resident" has the meaning assigned to it by article 3;

"occupational ties" shall not include attendance by a pupil or student at a school, college or university;

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(a) c.40.

Price £1.00

"personal ties" shall mean family or social ties to which a person devotes most of his time not devoted to occupational ties;

"property" means any personal property intended for personal use or for meeting household needs and shall include household effects, household provisions, household pets and riding animals, cycles, motor vehicles, caravans, pleasure boats and private aircraft, provided that there shall be excluded any goods which, by their nature or quantity, indicate that they are being imported for a commercial purpose;

"third country", shall have the meaning given by Article 3.1 of Council Directive 77/388/EEC(a);

"used", in relation to a person's use of consumable property, shall include having the property at his disposal.

Rules for determining where a person is normally resident

3. (1) This article shall apply for the purpose of determining, in relation to this Order, where a person is normally resident.

(2) A person shall be treated as being normally resident in the country where he usually lives -

- (a) for a period of, or periods together amounting to, at least 185 days in a period of twelve months;
- (b) because of his occupational ties; and
- (c) because of his personal ties.

(3) In the case of a person with no occupational ties, paragraph (2) shall apply with the omission of sub-paragraph (b), provided his personal ties show close links with that country.

(4) Where a person has his occupational ties in one country and his personal ties in another country, he shall be treated as being normally resident in the latter country provided that either -

- (a) his stay in the former country is in order to carry out a task of a definite duration, or
- (b) he returns regularly to the country where he has his personal ties.

(5) Notwithstanding paragraph (4), a United Kingdom citizen whose personal ties are in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom but whose occupational ties are in a third country may for the purposes of relief under this Order be treated as normally resident in the country of his occupational ties, provided he has lived there for a period of, or periods together amounting to, at least 185 days in a period of twelve months.

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(a) OJ No. L145, 13.6.1977, p.1; Article 3.1 was substituted by Article 1.1 of Council Directive 91/680/EEC (OJ No. L376, 31.12.91, p.1).

## Supplementary

4. For the purposes of this Order -

- (a) any reference to a person who has been normally resident in a third country and who intends to become normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall be taken as a reference to a person who intends to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (2), (3) or (4) of article 3, as the case may be, for being treated as normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom;
- (b) the date on which a person becomes normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall be the date when having given up his normal residence in a third country he is in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom for the purpose of fulfilling such intention as is mentioned in paragraph (a).

## PART II

### PROVISIONS COMMON TO CERTAIN RELIEFS

#### Property may be in separate consignments

5. Except as otherwise provided by this Order, where property in respect of which relief is afforded is permitted to be imported over a period it may be imported in more than one consignment during such period.

#### Condition as to security for certain importations

6. Where any goods are declared for relief under this Order -

- (a) before the date on which a person becomes normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom, or
- (b) if he intends to become so resident on the occasion of his marriage before such marriage has taken place,

the relief shall be subject to the condition that there is furnished to the Treasury such security as it may require.

#### Restriction on disposal without authorisation

7. (1) Except as provided by or under this Order, where relief is afforded under any Part of this Order, it shall be a condition of the relief that the goods are not lent, hired-out, given as security or transferred in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom within a period of twelve months from the date on which relief was afforded, unless such disposal is authorised by the Treasury.

(2) Where the Treasury authorises any such disposal as is mentioned in paragraph (1), it may discharge the relief and the person to whom the relief was afforded shall forthwith pay tax at the rate then in force, provided that where a lower rate was in force when relief was afforded the amount payable shall be determined by reference to the lower rate.

### PART III

#### PROVISIONS COMMON TO ALL RELIEFS

##### Goods to be declared for relief

8. (1) A person shall not be entitled to relief from payment of duty or tax in respect of any goods under any Part of this Order unless the goods are declared for relief to the proper officer.

(2) For the purposes of this Order, the expression "declared for relief" shall refer to the act by which a person applies for relief on importation of the goods or on their removal from another customs procedure and includes, as the case may be, any declaration under section 79 of the Customs and Excise Management Act 1986, or any entry under the Postal Packets (Isle of Man) (Customs and Excise) Regulations 1986(a), the Excise Warehousing (Etc.) Regulations 1988(b), or regulation 5 of the Customs Controls on Importation of Goods Regulations 1991(c), or any entry required by Article 40 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No. 2561/90(d).

##### Fulfillment of intention to be a condition

9. Where relief from payment of duty or tax is afforded under any Part of this Order subject to a specified intention on the part of a person in relation to his becoming normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom, or the use of the goods in respect of which relief is afforded, it shall be a condition of the relief that such intention be fulfilled.

##### Enforcement

10. Where relief from payment of duty or tax has been afforded under any Part of this Order and subsequently the Treasury is not satisfied that any condition subject to which such relief was afforded has been complied with, then, unless the Treasury sanctions the non-compliance, the duty or tax shall become payable forthwith by the person to whom relief was afforded (except to the extent that the Treasury may see fit to waive payment of the whole or any part thereof) and the goods shall be liable to forfeiture.

### PART IV

#### PERSONS TRANSFERRING THEIR NORMAL RESIDENCE FROM A THIRD COUNTRY

11. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Part, a person entering the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable in respect of property imported into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom on condition that -

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- (a) G.C. 170/86.
  - (b) G.C. 172/88.
  - (c) S.I. 1991 No. 2724 (as applied by G.C. 80/92).
  - (d) O.J. No. L246, 10.9.1990, p.1.

- (a) he has been normally resident in a third country for a continuous period of at least twelve months;
- (b) he intends to become normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom;
- (c) the property has been in his possession and used by him in the country where he has been normally resident, for a period of at least six months before its importation;
- (d) the property is intended for his personal or household use in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom; and
- (e) the property is declared for relief -
  - (i) not earlier than six months before the date on which he becomes normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom, and
  - (ii) not later than twelve months following that date.

(2) A person shall not be afforded relief under this Part unless the Treasury is satisfied that the goods have borne, in their country of origin or exportation, the customs or other duties and taxes to which goods of that class or description are normally liable and that such goods have not, by reason of their exportation, been subject to any exemption from, or refund of, such duties and taxes as aforesaid, or any turnover tax, excise duty or other consumption tax.

(3) For the purposes of this Part, "property" shall not include -

- (a) beverages containing alcohol;
- (b) tobacco products;
- (c) any motor road vehicle which by its type of construction and equipment is designed for and capable of transporting more than nine persons including the driver, or goods, or any special purpose vehicle or mobile workshop; and
- (d) articles for use in the exercise of a trade or profession, other than portable instruments of the applied or liberal arts.

#### Supplementary

12. Where the Treasury is satisfied that a person has given up his normal residence in a third country but is prevented by occupational ties from becoming normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom immediately, it may allow property to be declared for relief earlier than as prescribed in article 11(1)(e)(i), subject to such conditions and restrictions as it thinks fit.

## PART V

### ADDITIONAL RELIEF FOR PROPERTY IMPORTED ON MARRIAGE FROM A THIRD COUNTRY

#### Relief

13. (1) Subject to the provisions of this article, in addition to the relief afforded by Part IV, a person entering the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable in respect of property imported into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom on condition that -

- (a) he has been normally resident in a third country for a continuous period of at least twelve months;
- (b) he intends to become normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom on the occasion of his marriage; and
- (c) the property is declared for relief within the period provided by article 15.

(2) In this article "property" shall be limited to household effects and trousseaux, other than tobacco products and beverages containing alcohol.

#### Wedding gifts

14. (1) Subject to the provisions of this article, a person to whom article 13(1) applies shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable in respect of any wedding gift imported into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom by him or on his behalf on condition that such wedding gift is -

- (a) given or intended to be given to him on the occasion of his marriage by a person who is normally resident in a third country;
- (b) declared for relief within the period provided by article 15.

(2) Relief shall not be afforded under this article in respect of any wedding gift the value of which exceeds £800.

(3) For the purpose of affording relief from any duty or tax under this article, a wedding gift shall be treated as if it were liable to Community customs duty and valued in accordance with the rules applicable to such duty.

(4) In this article "wedding gift" means any property customarily given on the occasion of a marriage, other than tobacco products or beverages containing alcohol.

#### Time limit for relief

15. The property to which this Part applies shall be declared for relief -

- (a) not earlier than two months before the date fixed for the solemnisation of the marriage; and

- (b) not later than four months following the date of the marriage.

## PART VI

### PUPILS AND STUDENTS

#### Relief for scholastic equipment

16. (1) Without prejudice to relief afforded under any other Part of this Order and subject to the provisions of this article, a person entering the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable in respect of scholastic equipment imported into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom on condition that -

- (a) he is a pupil or student normally resident in a third country who has been accepted to attend a full-time course at a school, college or university in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom; and
- (b) such equipment belongs to him and is intended for his personal use during the period of his studies.

(2) For the purposes of this article, "scholastic equipment" shall mean household effects which represent the normal furnishings for the room of a pupil or student, clothing, uniforms, and articles or instruments normally used by pupils or students for the purpose of their studies, including calculators or typewriters.

(3) The provisions of article 7 shall not apply to relief afforded under this Part.

## PART VII

### HONORARY DECORATIONS, AWARDS AND GOODWILL GIFTS

#### Relief for honorary decorations and awards

17. Subject to article 20, a person entering the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable on the importation into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom of any goods on condition that -

- (a) he is normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom; and
- (b) such goods comprise -
  - (i) any honorary decoration which has been conferred on him by a government in a third country or
  - (ii) any cup, medal or similar article of an essentially symbolic nature which has been awarded to him in a third country as a tribute to his activities in the arts, sciences, sport, or

the public service, or in recognition of merit at a particular event.

Relief for gifts received by official visitors in a third country

18. Subject to article 20, a person entering the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable on the importation into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom of any goods on condition that -

- (a) he is normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom;
- (b) he is returning from an official visit to a third country;
- (c) the goods were given to him by the host authorities of such country on the occasion of his visit; and
- (d) the goods are not intended for a commercial purpose.

Relief for gifts brought by official visitors

19. Subject to article 20, a person entering the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable on the importation into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom of any goods on condition that -

- (a) he is normally resident in a third country;
- (b) he is paying an official visit to the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom;
- (c) the goods are in the nature of an occasional gift which he intends to offer to the host authorities during his visit; and
- (d) the goods are not intended for a commercial purpose.

Supplementary

20. (1) Part II shall not apply to relief afforded under this Part.

(2) No relief shall be afforded under this Part in respect of beverages containing alcohol, tobacco products or importations having a commercial character.

PART VIII

PERSONAL PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY INHERITANCE

Relief for legacies imported from a third country

21. (1) Without prejudice to relief afforded under any other Part of this Order and subject to the provisions of this article, a person who has become entitled as a legatee to property situated in a third country shall not be required to pay any duty or tax chargeable on the importation thereof into the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom, on condition that -

- (a) he is either -
  - (i) normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom; or
  - (ii) a secondary resident who is not normally resident in a third country; or
  - (iii) an eligible body;
- (b) he furnishes proof to the officer of his entitlement as legatee to the property; and
- (c) save as the Treasury otherwise allows, the property is imported by or for such person not later than two years from the date on which his entitlement as legatee is finally determined.

(2) No relief shall be afforded under paragraph (1) in respect of goods specified in Schedule 1 to this Order.

(3) For the purposes of this Part -

"eligible body" means a body solely concerned with carrying on a non-profit making activity and which is incorporated in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom;

"secondary resident" means a person who, without being normally resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom has a home situated in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom which he owns or is renting for at least twelve months.

## PART IX

### Revocation

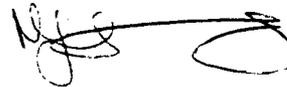
22. The public documents mentioned in Schedule 2 are revoked to the extent specified in the third column of that Schedule.

1. Beverages containing alcohol.
2. Tobacco products.
3. Any motor road vehicle which, by its type of construction and equipment, is designed for and capable of transporting more than nine persons including the driver, or goods, or any special purpose vehicle or mobile workshop.
4. Articles, other than portable instruments of the applied or liberal arts, used in the exercise of a trade or profession before his death by the person from whom the legatee has acquired them.
5. Stocks of new materials and finished or semi-finished products.
6. Livestock and stocks of agricultural products exceeding the quantities appropriate to normal family requirements.

## PUBLIC DOCUMENTS REVOKED

<u>G.C. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Extent of revocation</u>
269/83.	Customs and Excise Duties (Personal Reliefs) (Application) Order 1983.	The whole Order.
194/84.	Customs Duties (Application) (No. 2) Order 1984.	Entry 4 of Schedule 1. Schedule 5.
289/85.	Customs Duties (Application) (No. 4) Order 1985.	Entry 4 of Schedule 1.
265/91.	Customs and Excise Duties (Personal Reliefs) (Application) Order 1991.	The whole Order.

Made this 24th day of February 1993



Minister for the Treasury

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order which revokes the Customs and Excise Duties (Reliefs for Goods Permanently Imported) Order 1983 ("the 1983 Order") provides for relief from payment of excise duty and value added tax on personal property, except tobacco products and alcoholic beverages, which is imported permanently into the Island where the conditions imposed by the Order are complied with. Because of the introduction of the single market, the reliefs will apply only to property imported from outside the EC (customs duty is not chargeable on goods imported from member States) and from 1st January 1993 goods received from member States will no longer be treated as imported for value added tax purposes. Reliefs relating to excise duties for Community travellers are set out in the Excise Duties (Personal Reliefs) Order 1992.

The 1983 Order afforded relief from duty and value added tax in respect of certain goods imported by members of the visiting forces, headquarters and organisations specified in Schedule 2 to that Order. As from 1st January 1993, reliefs for visiting forces as well as foreign diplomats and members of international organisations will be found in the Customs and Excise (Personal Reliefs for Special Visitors) Order 1993.

This Order provides relief from excise duty and value added tax by giving effect to Titles I, II and VIII of Council Directive 83/181/EEC(a) as amended by Directive 85/346/EEC(b), Directive 88/331/EEC(c) and Directive 89/219/EEC(d). Relief from customs duty is afforded by directly applicable Community provisions namely Titles I, II, III, V, XVII and XVIII of Council Regulation (EEC) No. 918/83(e).

Part I of the Order provides an interpretation of terms and the rules for determining where a person is normally resident.

Parts II and III lay down certain of the conditions to which the reliefs are subject and the enforcement provisions.

Part IV affords relief to persons transferring their normal residence from outside the EC.

Part V extends the relief provided by Part IV when the transfer of residence occurs on marriage.

Part VI applies to pupils and students who import scholastic materials.

Part VII affords relief to certain persons importing honorary decorations, awards and goodwill gifts.

Part VIII affords relief on certain legacies imported by or for persons resident in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom and non-profit making bodies incorporated there.

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- (a) OJ No. L105, 23.4.1983, p.38.
  - (b) OJ No. L183, 16.7.1985, p.21.
  - (c) OJ No. L151, 17.6.1988, p.79.
  - (d) OJ No. L912, 5.4.1989, p.13.
  - (e) OJ No. L105, 23.4.1983, p.1, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No. 3822/85 (OJ No. L370, 31.12.1985, p.22), Regulation (EEC) No. 3691/87 (OJ No. L347, 11.12.1987, p.8), Regulation (EEC) No. 1315/88 (OJ No. L123, 17.5.1988, p.2), Regulation (EEC) No. 4235/88 (OJ No. L373, 31.12.1988, p.1) and Regulation (EEC) No. 3357/91 (OJ No. L318, 20.11.1991, p.3).