

GOVERNMENT CIRCULAR

No. 173/50.

G.O. Reference No. 25442/1.

ISLE OF MAN (CUSTOMS) ACT, 1927.

**THE SAFEGUARDING OF INDUSTRIES (EXEMPTION)
(No. 8) (ISLE OF MAN) ORDER, 1950.**

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has made an Order (a copy of which is appended) under Section 15 of the Isle of Man (Customs) Act, 1927, exempting from duty of Customs certain specified dutiable articles on importation into the Isle of Man for the period beginning with the 6th July, 1950, and ending on the 31st December, 1950.

By Order,

Government Office,

J. N. PANES,

Isle of Man.

Government Secretary.

6th July, 1950.

ORDER dated the 6th day of July, 1950, made by His Excellency Air Vice-Marshal Sir Geoffrey Rhodes Bromet, K.B.E., C.B., D.S.O., Lieutenant Governor of the Isle of Man, under section 15 of the Isle of Man (Customs) Act, 1927 (17 and 18 George V. Ch. 20).

**THE SAFEGUARDING OF INDUSTRIES (EXEMPTION) (No. 8)
(ISLE OF MAN) ORDER, 1950.**

WHEREAS Section 15 of the Isle of Man (Customs) Act, 1927, confers power on the Lieutenant Governor with reference to the duty imposed by Section 13 of the Isle of Man (Customs) Act, 1926, to exempt from duty any article mentioned in the Order which is liable to duty under such section where he is satisfied (inter alia) that an Order has been made by the Treasury, under sub-section (5) of Section 10 of the Finance Act, 1926 (an Act of the Imperial Parliament), exempting the article from the duty imposed by Section 1 of the Safeguarding of Industries Act, 1921, as amended by any subsequent enactment.

AND WHEREAS the Lieutenant Governor is satisfied as respects the articles specified in the schedule to this Order that an Order dated the 26th day of June, 1950, has been made by the Treasury as aforesaid.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that the said articles should be exempted from the duty imposed by Section thirteen of the Isle of Man (Customs) Act, 1926, for the period beginning with the 6th day of July, 1950, and ending with the 31st day of December, 1950.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, the said Lieutenant Governor, in pursuance of the powers conferred on me by the said Act, and of all other powers enabling me in that behalf, DO HEREBY ORDER as follows:—

1. The articles specified in the Schedule to this Order shall be exempted from the duty imposed by section 13 of the Isle of Man (Customs) Act, 1926, for the period beginning with the sixth day of July, nineteen hundred and fifty, and ending with the thirty-first day of December in that year.

2. This Order may be cited as The Safeguarding of Industries (Exemption) (No. 8) (Isle of Man) Order, 1950.

DATED this 6th day of July, 1950.

G. R. BROMET,

Lieutenant Governor.

SCHEDULE.

Optical elements, the following:—

Analysers and polarisers consisting of a film of polarising material mounted between glass discs or plates.

Magnifiers incorporating microscopic pictures.

Microfilm dutiable only by reason of containing cellulose acetate as an ingredient.

Lamp-b'own glassware of the following kind, namely, dolls' eyes.

Scientific instruments, the following:—

Fermentographs, that is to say, instruments for measuring and recording carbon dioxide evolved during dough fermentation.

Vacuum tubes, the following:—

Sealed cylindrical X-ray tubes having four windows.

Sealed cylindrical X-ray tubes having two windows.

Compounds of rare earth metals, the following:—

Cerium chloride, crude.

Cerium oxide, pure.

Cerium sodium sulphate, crude.

Dysprosium oxide.

Erbium oxide,

Europium oxide.

Gadolinium oxide.

Halfnium oxide.

Holmium oxide.

Lutecium oxide.

Scandium compounds.

Terbium oxide.

Thulium Oxide.

Ytterbium oxide.

Gas mantle ash dutiable only by reason of containing as a part or ingredient thereof one or more oxides of rare earth metals.

Synthetic organic chemicals, analytical reagents, other fine chemicals and chemicals manufactured by fermentation processes, the following:—

Acetamidophenyl salicylate.

Acetylacetone.

Adipic acid.

Allyl alcohol.

Allyl chloride (a chloropropylene).

Amidopyrin.

2-Aminoethyl alcohol.

m-Aminophenol.

B-Aminopropionic acid.

Amonium perchlorate.

Amyl acetate (an amyl ester).

*iso*Amyl alcohol (*isobutyl*carbinol) of a purity not less than 98 per cent.

Arecoline hydrobromide.

Barium manganate.

Bismuth oxychloride, crude.

*iso*Bornyl thiocynoacetate (a bornyl ester).

n-Butyl alcohol.

*iso*Butyl alcohol.

*sec*Butyl alcohol.

*tert*Butyl alcohol.

2:3-Butylene glycol.

n-Butyraldehyde.

n-Butric acid.

Calcium *o*-iodoxybenzoate (an iodoxybenzoic salt).

Cellulose acetate, where the weight of the acetyl content, calculated as acetic acid, is not less than 55½ per cent. of the weight of the cellulose acetate, not being cellulose acetate which is an ingredient or forms part of a composite article.

- Cobalt arsenate.
 Cocaine, crude.
 Cocaine hydrochloride.
 Crystals, not optically worked, weighing not less than 2.5 grams each,
 consisting wholly of one of the following:—
 Barium bromide.
 R. Barium chloride.
 Barium fluoride.
 Barium iodide.
 Caesium bromide.
 Caesium chloride.
 Caesium iodide.
 Calcium bromide.
 R. Calcium chloride.
 R. Calcium fluoride.
 Calcium iodide.
 Lithium bromide.
 Lithium chloride.
 Lithium fluoride.
 Lithium iodide.
 R. Magnesium oxide.
 Potassium bromide.
 R. Potassium chloride.
 Potassium fluoride.
 Potassium iodide.
 Rubidium bromide.
 Rubidium chloride.
 Rubidium fluoride.
 Rubidium iodide.
 R. Sodium chloride.
 Sodium fluoride.
 Sodium iodide.
 Cumene (a propylbenzene).
 Cyclohexanol.
 Cyclohexanone.
 Cyclohexylamine.
 Decahydronaphthalene (a hydronaphthalene).
 Dibutyl diethylmalonate (a butyl ester).
 Dichlorodifluoromethane.
 Dichlorohydrin.
 Di-cyclohexyl phthalate (a cyclohexyl ester).
 Diethylaminoethyl alcohol.
 2-Diethylaminoethyl diphenylacetate hydrochloride (a diphenylacetic
 ester).
 Diethyl *p*-nitrophenyl thiophosphate (an ethyl ester).
s-Dimethylurea (a methylurea).
 Diphenyl.
 Diphenyl ether.
 Dodecyl alcohol.
 Epichlorohydrin.
 Ethyl abietate (an ethyl ester).
 Ethyl abietate hydrogenated (an ethyl ester).
 Ethyl acrylate (an ethyl ester).
 Ethylbenzene.
 Ethyl benzoylbenzoate (an ethyl ester).
a-Ethylbutyric acid (a hexoic acid).
 Ethylcellulose (a cellulose ether).
 Ethyl diiodobrassicinate (an ethyl ester).
 Ethylenediamine.
 Ethylene glycol diabietate (an ethylene glycol ester).
 Ethylene glycol ether esters other than the following:—
 Di-butoxyethyl phthalate.
 Di-methoxyethyl phthalate.
 Ethylene glycol ethers.
a-Ethylhexoic acid (an octoic acid).
 2-Ethylhexyl alcohol (an octyl alcohol).
 Formic acid, of a strength not less than 98 per cent. by weight.

- Furfural.
- Germanium oxide.
- Guanidine carbonate (a guanidine salt).
- Guanidine sulphate (a guanidine salt).
- Guanidine thiocyanate (a guanidine salt).
- Guanine.
- m*-Hydroxyacetophenone.
- R.Iron chloride.
- Lauroyl chloride.
- Maleic acid.
- Maleic anhydride.
- Malic acid.
- R.Mannitol.
- Melamine.
- Menthyl ethoxy acetate (a menthyl ester).
- Methyl abietate (a methyl ester).
- Methyl abietate, hydrogenated (a methyl ester).
- Methyl acrylate (a methyl ester).
- Methylcyclohexanol.
- Methylcyclohexanone.
- Methylene dichloride.
- Methyl ethyl ketone.
- 2-Methyl-2 :4-pentanediol (a hexanediol).
- Methylsulphonal.
- n*-Octanol-2 (an octyl alcohol).
- n*-Octoic acid.
- Pentanol-2 (an amyl alcohol).
- Pentasodium triphosphate (a sodium phosphate).
- Phenazone aminomethane sodium sulphonate.
- o*-Phenetidine.
- p*-Phenetidine.
- R.Phenol.
- Phenol, synthetic.
- iso*Phorone.
- Phthalic anhydride.
- Phytin.
- Piperazine.
- Potassium guaiacolsulphonate.
- R.Potassium hydroxide.
- Potassium xanthate.
- Propionic acid.
- n*-Propyl alcohol.
- iso*Propyl alcohol, unrefined, containing not less than 0.5 per cent. by weight of ketones.
- α*-Propylene glycol.
- iso*Propyl hydrogen phosphate (a propyl ester).
- Quinoline.
- Quinolinic acid.
- Safrole.
- Sebacic acid.
- Sodium antimonate.
- Sodium *monochloro*acetate (a *mono chloro*acetic salt).
- Sodium dioctylsulphosuccinate (an octyl ester).
- Sodium fluosilicate.
- Sodium nitrobenzenesulphonate (a nitrobenzenesulphonic salt).
- R.Sorbitol.
- Sorbitol, synthetic.
- R.Stearic acid.
- Styrene.
- Succinic anhydride.
- Sulphonal.
- Tetrahydronaphthalene (a hydronaphthalene).
- Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (a sodium phosphate).
- Theophylline.
- 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol (a chlorophenol).
- Undecenoic acid.
- p*-Xenylamine.
- m*-Xylene.

p-Xylene.
m-4-Xylenol.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

(*This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.*)

The Order continues until 31st December, 1950, the exemption from Key Industry Duty of all articles exempted from that duty by previous Orders which expire on 30th June, 1950, with the addition of:—

Amyl acetate (an amyl ester).
Cyclohexanone.
Cyclohexylamine.
Di-cyclohexyl phthlate (a cyclohexyl ester).
2-Diethylaminoethyl diphenylacetate hydrochloride (a diphenylacetic ester).
s-Dimethylurea (a methylurea).
Guanine.
Quinoline.
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol (a chlorophenol).

and with the deletion of:—

Integrators (planimeter type).
Anisaldehyde.
Chloriodohydroxyquinoline.
*mono*Chloroacetic acid.
o-Chloronitrobenzene.
*mono*Ethylamine.
Ethyl*iso*amylbarbituric acid (an acylurea).
Ethyl sulphate (an ethyl ester).
Pentachlorophenol (a chlorophenol).
Propiophenone.
Sodium ethyl*iso*amylbarbiturate (an acylurea).
Sodium ethyl (*a*-methylbutyl) barbiturate (an acylurea).
Sodium *a*-methylbutylallylbarbiturate (an acylurea).
Succinic acid, but not including *isosuccinic* (methylmalonic) acid.