

Government Circular 157/50.
G.O. Reference No. 25005/4/13.

SUPPLIES AND SERVICES (TRANSITIONAL POWERS)

Producers' Prices for Casualty and Reject Animals

A casualty animal means a beast, sheep or lamb which—

- (a) should be slaughtered without delay owing to accident or illness; or
- (b) has been accidentally killed; or
- (c) is found on presentation at a Centre to be suffering from a local affection or injury or which, in the opinion of the Certifying Authority is suffering from any illness, condition or disease which is likely to lead to the condemnation of the carcase either in whole or in part, or is in a wild condition, or in a condition which, in the opinion of the Certifying Authority, renders the animal unfit or unsuitable for grading on a liveweight basis.

In the case of (a), the owner of the animal must notify Government Office immediately and the Government Secretary or an officer acting on his behalf will give directions as to the removal of the animal to the Public Abattoir, Douglas, for slaughter. Where, for special reasons, it is not practicable to remove the animal to the Public Abattoir, Douglas, authority will be given for the animal to be slaughtered on the owner's holding and, immediately after slaughter, the owner must arrange for the carcase of the animal accompanied by the hide or skin and other offals (both edible and inedible) to be delivered to the Public Abattoir, Douglas.

In the case of (b), if it is desired to sell the meat of the carcase to Government for human consumption, the owner must notify Government Office as quickly as possible and arrange for the carcase of the animal accompanied by the hide or skin and other offals (both edible and inedible) to be delivered to the Public Abattoir, Douglas.

In the case of (c), the owner of the animal must arrange for the animal to be delivered forthwith to the Public Abattoir, Douglas, for slaughter.

The cost of delivery of a casualty animal or the carcase of a casualty animal to the Public Abattoir, Douglas, will be defrayed by the owner of the animal but the charges incidental to the slaughter of a casualty animal in the Public Abattoir, Douglas, will be defrayed by Government.

The carcase of a casualty animal will be graded at the Public Abattoir, Douglas, by the Government Veterinary Officer and a butcher nominated by the Isle of Man Butchers' Association and approved by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and the owner of the animal will be paid therefor at the appropriate price set out in the following Schedules of Prices applicable on the date of delivery of the animal or carcase to the Public Abattoir, Douglas. In any case where the carcase of a casualty bullock, heifer, cow-heifer, cow or bull is condemned as wholly unfit for human consumption, payment will be made at the rate of 1d per lb. dressed carcase weight. Where a carcase is partially condemned as unfit for human consumption, payment for the part found fit for human consumption will be made at the appropriate rate set out in the First Schedule hereto. Payment for the part found unfit for human consumption will be at the rate of 1d per lb. No separate additional payment will be made for the hide of a casualty beast the carcase of which is wholly or partially condemned as unfit for human consumption

In the case of a casualty sheep or lamb, no payment will be made for any dressed carcass or any part of a dressed carcass which is unfit for human consumption. In any case where the whole of the dressed carcass is condemned, no payment will be made, apart from an allowance for the skin.

The owner of a casualty animal (or his representative) may attend at the Public Abattoir, Douglas, to witness the weighing of the carcass if he so wishes.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Prices of Casualty Cattle

PRICES PER LB. ACTUAL DRESSED CARCASS WEIGHT

Period Commencing	Carcasses fit for Retail Sale as 1st Quality Meat Steers, Heifers, and Cow-Heifers		Cows per lb.	Carcasses fit for Retail Sale as 2nd Quality Meat		Carcasses fit only for manufacturing purposes.	
	Manx Bred per lb.	Imported per lb.		per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
1950.							
22nd May	1 9	1 8	1 1	1 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
29th May	1 8 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 7 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
5th June	1 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
12th June	1 8 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 1	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
26th June	1 8	1 7	1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
10th July	1 7 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 6 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
31st July	1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
14th August	1 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 6 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
4th September..	1 7	1 6	1 1	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
11th September..	1 7	1 6	1 1	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$		
25th September..	1 6 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 5 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$		
2nd October	1 6 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 5 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 0	0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$		
9th October	1 6	1 5	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 11 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$		
20th November...	1 6 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 5 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 11 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$		
27th November...	1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 11 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$		
11th December...	1 6 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 5 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
25th December...	1 7	1 6	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
1951.							
1st January ...	1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
15th January ...	1 7 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 6 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
29th January ...	1 8	1 7	1 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
12th February ...	1 8 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 1	1 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		
12th March to							
1st April	1 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	1 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{4}$		

Prices payable throughout the year:—

Casualty Bulls: First Quality	1/0 $\frac{3}{4}$ d.
Second Quality	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
Manufacturing Quality as for other cattle.	

All the above rates include the hide for which no separate additional payment will be made.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Prices of Casualty Sheep and Lambs PRICES PER LB. ACTUAL DRESSED CARCASE WEIGHT

Period Commencing	1st Quality Carcases		2nd Quality Carcases	Carcases fit only for manufacturing purposes
	Lamb per lb.	Sheep per lb.	per lb.	per lb.
1950.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
22nd May	2 4	2 3	1 3	0 6½
29th May	2 4	2 3	1 2½	0 6½
12th June	2 3½	2 2½	1 2	0 6½
19th June	2 3	2 2	1 2	0 6½
26th June	2 2½	2 1	1 1½	0 6½
17th July	2 2½	2 1	1 1	0 6½
14th August	2 2½	2 1	1 0½	0 6½
28th August	2 2	2 0½	1 0½	0 6½
11th September ..	2 1½	2 0	1 0½	0 6½
18th September ..	2 1	1 11½	1 0½	0 6½
25th September ..	2 0½	1 11	1 0½	0 6½
2nd October	2 0	1 10½	1 0½	0 6½
30th October	2 0	1 10½	1 0½	0 6½
27th November ...	2 0	1 10½	1 1	0 6½
11th December ...	2 0½	1 11	1 1	0 6½
18th December ..	2 0½	1 11	1 1½	0 6½
25th December ..	2 1	1 11½	1 1½	0 6½
1951.				
8th January	2 1½	2 0	1 1½	0 6½
15th January ...	2 2	2 0½	1 1½	0 6½
22nd January ...	2 2½	2 1	1 1½	0 6½
29th January ...	2 3	2 1½	1 2	0 6½
12th February ...	2 3½	2 2	1 2	0 6½
19th February ...	2 4	2 3	1 2½	0 6½
26th February ...	2 4	2 3	1 3	0 6½
12th March to 1st April	2 4	2 3	1 3½	0 6½

In addition to the above prices allowances for the skins of casualty animals will be made at the following rates:—

Sheep Skins (in wool)—

Carcase weight of animal under 40 lbs. 5/6 per skin.
Carcase weight of animal 40 lbs. and over 8/0 per skin.

Sheep Skins (Shorn)—

Up to 30th June 2/3 per skin.
July, August and September 3/3 per skin.
October onwards as for sheep skins in wool.

Skins of Sucking Lambs, i.e., lambs born during the current year—

Up to 30th June 2/3 per skin.
July, August and September 3/3 per skin.
October onwards as for sheep skins in wool.

On and after 22nd May, 1950, any fat steer, heifer or cow-heifer graded by the Certifying Authority at a Centre as an unthrifty animal estimated to kill-out at less than 50 per cent. of its liveweight will be classed as a reject animal and will be delivered to the Public Abattoir, Douglas, at the expense of Government. The charges incidental to the slaughter of the animal will be defrayed by Government and the animal will be purchased by Government on a deadweight basis of 9½d per lb. (with no separate additional payment for the hide) only after the carcass has been examined by a qualified meat inspector and passed by him as fit for human consumption. In any case where the carcass of a reject animal is condemned as wholly unfit for human consumption, payment will be made at the rate of 1d per lb. dressed carcass weight. Where a carcass is partially condemned as unfit for human consumption, payment for the part found fit for human consumption will be made at the appropriate rate set out in the First Schedule hereto. Payment for the part found unfit for human consumption will be at the rate of 1d per lb. No separate additional payment will be made for the hide of a casualty beast the carcass of which is wholly or partially condemned as unfit for human consumption.

By Order,

J. N. PANES,

Government Secretary.

Government Office,

Isle of Man.

18th May, 1950.