



## The Defence Regulations (Isle of Man) 1939.

# WOOL

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has, in pursuance of Regulations 53 and 55 of the Defence Regulations (Isle of Man), 1939 made an Order (a copy of which is appended) relative to the sale, purchase and control of wool.

Failure to comply with the terms of the Order renders a person liable to the penalties imposed by the Defence Regulations.

By Order,

B. E. SARGEAUNT,  
Government Secretary.

Government Office,  
Isle of Man.  
17<sup>th</sup> May, 1940.

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### ISLE OF MAN TO WIT

By His Excellency Vice-Admiral the Right Honourable the Earl Granville, C.B.,  
D.S.O., Lieutenant Governor of the said Isle. &c., &c., &c.

### THE DEFENCE REGULATIONS (ISLE OF MAN), 1939.

## WOOL

In pursuance of the powers vested in me by Regulations 53 and 55 of the Defence Regulations (Isle of Man), 1939, I the said Lieutenant Governor DO HEREBY ORDER as follows :—

1. No person shall dispose of, or agree or offer to dispose of, any specified material situate in the Isle of Man, except (a) to the Treasurer or a collector appointed by the Treasurer or (b) under the authority of a licence granted by the Treasurer.

2. No person shall buy or sell, or agree, offer or invite an offer, to buy or sell any specified material situate in the Isle of Man for which a maximum price is provided by the Schedule to this Order, at any price exceeding that maximum price : provided that this Article shall not apply to any acquisition or transfer of ownership under an agreement to buy or sell under which the price has already been paid before the coming into force of this Article.

3. (1) Every farmer who owns any specified material situate in the Isle of Man at the time when this Article comes into force shall :—

(a) forthwith place and hold that specified material at the disposal of the Treasurer, or cause it to be so placed and held ;

(b) forthwith send to the Treasurer, Government Office, Isle of Man, a written declaration stating the description, quantities, qualities and condition of that specified material, and the name and location of the premises or place in or at which it is situate ; and

(c) comply with any special or general direction issued by the Treasurer as to the removal, transport, keeping, storage, disposal or delivery of that specified material.

4. (1) Nothing in this Order shall be taken to prohibit or restrict the entering into and carrying out of any transaction between the Treasurer and any other person upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed between the Treasurer and that person.

(2) For the purposes of this Order any disposal of any specified material by a carrier or warehouseman or servant acting in the ordinary course of his business or employment as such shall be taken to be a disposal only by the person on whose behalf or at whose request or by whose instructions the carrier or warehouseman or servant disposes of the specified material.

5. (1) The holder of any licence granted under this Order shall comply with any conditions contained or incorporated in the licence.

(2) If any licence granted under this Order is revoked by the Treasurer the holder of the licence shall forthwith deliver up the licence as directed by the Treasurer.

6. In this Order the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them:—

“Dispose of” includes any disposal of

- (i) ownership or any proprietary interest ; or
- (ii) the right to possession ; or
- (iii) possession, whether or not accompanied by any disposal of ownership or any proprietary interest or of the right to possession ;

“Buy” and “sell” include respectively any acquisition or transfer of ownership under an agreement to buy or sell, whether such agreement shall have been made before or after the coming into force of Article 2 of this Order ;

“Treasurer” means the Treasurer of the Isle of Man acting on behalf of the Governor ;

“Governor” has the same meaning as in the Defence Regulations (Isle of Man), 1939 ;

“Specified material” means any raw wool (including fleece wool, locks, brokes, willeyed locks, fallen or gathered wool, tailings, daggings and clarts) produced in the Isle of Man, which either has not been subjected to any treatment or process or has not been subjected to any treatment or process other than washing, scouring or willeying (by whatever name the treatment or process of willeying may be described in any particular district) ;

“fleece wool” means the fleece removed entirely by shearing or clipping of sheep or lambs ;

“locks” means any wool (other than daggings or clarts) which may have become detached from the fleece at the time of shearing or thereafter ;

“brokes” means short wool obtained from the edges of the fleece in clipping ;

“willeyed locks” means daggings or clarts from which the dung or earth has been extracted by washing or by other process ;

“fallen wool” means wool removed from the skins of sheep or lambs which have died a natural death ;

“gathered wool” means wool left by living sheep on hedges or other places ;

“tailings” means wool clipped from britch end of live sheep ;

“daggings” or “clarts” both mean wool naturally clotted with dung or earth.

7. (1) This Order, except Article 3, shall come into force on the 20th day of May, 1940 ; and Article 3 shall come into force on the 21st day of May, 1940 .

(2) This Order may be cited as the Control of Wool (Isle of Man) (No. 1) Order, 1940 .

Given under my hand this 16th day of May, 1940.

GRANVILLE,  
Lieutenant Governor.

## SCHEDULE.

Farmers' Clips (Not Graded)	Pence per lb.
Best Pure Shropshire and Suffolk	11 d.
Cross Shropshire Halfbreds or Manx Cheviots	10¼d.
Best Pure Leicester or Lincolns	10½d.
Leicester and Scotch Cross	9½d.
Blackfaced Scotch Hill Clips	9¾d.
do. do. Pasture	9¼d.

The maximum prices set out above are for good, clean, light greasy farmers' ungraded clips, delivered into Depots. In the case of intermediate or inferior wools, or wools heavy in grease or sand, or wools of any other quality and type, the prices applicable shall be in proportion. The maximum prices of willeyed locks; the maximum prices for washed or greasy locks, brokes, fallen or gathered wool and tailings; and the maximum prices for daggings and clarts; shall be in proportion to the prices paid for fleece wool. The expression "in proportion" in relation to the price applicable to any material has the meaning which is commonly given to that expression in the wool industry.