



THE CHILDREN ACT, 1910.

**Removal of Children to Reformatory and Industrial Schools
in Great Britain.**

The following instructions are issued for the guidance of the police and the officer in charge of the Detention Quarters in Douglas Court-House with respect to children committed to detention in Reformatories and Industrial Schools in Great Britain by a Court of Petty Sessions in this Island.

Under section 68 of the Children Act, 1910, provision is made whereby a child may be detained temporarily, pending its removal to the school to which it is committed. The child may be committed either to the temporary care of some person named by the Court, or to the Detention Quarters in Douglas Court-House.

In the latter case, every child removed to the Detention Quarters should be so removed under an Order of the Court, which Order should be retained by the officer in charge of the Detention Quarters as his authority for receiving the child.

When the necessary arrangements have been completed for the removal of the child to the school to which it is to be sent, the police, on production to the officer in charge of the Detention Quarters of the order of commitment to the school, will receive the child, who will thereupon be sent to the school, in charge of a police-officer. This officer will hand over the child to the superintendent of the school, obtaining a receipt for the person of the child. The Magistrates' warrant for the commitment of the child will be left by the police-officer with the superintendent of the school.

Where a child is temporarily committed by the Court to the care of a private individual, the proceedings, so far as regards the removal of the child by the police to the school to which it is to be sent, will be exactly the same as in the case of a child temporarily detained in the Detention Quarters.

By order,

B. E. SARGEAUNT,

Government Secretary.

Government Office,

Isle of Man,

27th November, 1912.